

## Blended Learning Reading Pack

## Year 6

This reading pack has been designed to fit in with our 'blended learning' approach.

The first page contains the reading targets that the children will be taught during the year.

Following the targets, there is a bank of questions that can be used to enhance the comprehension of the text.

In the event of a child/group of children learning from home, this 'blended learning' pack can be used to support.





|                      |           | checks that the text makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and explaining the meaning of words in context; identifies main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarises these; identifies how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning If no, go to Year 4       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|                      |           | fluently and effortlessly reads a range of age appropriate texts, including novels, stories, plays, poetry, non-fiction, reference books and text books; makes predictions based on details stated and implied; distinguishes between statements of fact and opinion; and in non-fiction If no, go to Year 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| pec                  | cted Next | Steps:   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Word reading         | 1         | fluently and effortlessly reads a range of age appropriate texts, including novels, stories, plays, poetry, non-<br>fiction, reference books and text books  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| line                 | 2 (a)     | determines the meaning of new words by applying knowledge of the root words, prefixes and suffixes as listed i<br>'English programmes of study: key stages 1 and 2 National curriculum in England - Appendix 1'  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rend                 | 3         | demonstrates a positive attitude to reading by frequently reading for pleasure, both fiction and non-fiction   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reading for Pleasure | 4         | has read and demonstrates familiarity with a wide range of books, including myths, legends and traditional stories, modern fiction and fiction from literary heritage, and books from other cultures and traditions)   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                      | 5         | recommends books to others based on own reading preferences, giving reasons for choice   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| and Performance      | 6         | demonstrates appropriate intonation, tone and volume when reading aloud text, plays and reciting poetry make the meaning clear to the audience   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                      | 7 (g)     | explains how language, structure, and presentation, can contribute to the meaning of a text  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| _                    | 8 (f)     | draws on contextual evidence to make sense of what is read, and participates in discussion to explore words wit<br>different meanings  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                      | 9 (g)     | evaluates how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ľ                    | 10 (h)    | is able to make comparisons within and across different texts  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| -                    | 11 (d)    | draws inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                      | 12 (c)    | summarises main ideas, identifying key details and using quotations for illustration   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                      | 13 (b)    | retrieves information from non-fiction   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                      | 14        | expresses views formed through independent reading and books that are read to them, explaining and justifying personal opinions, and courteously challenging those of others   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                      | 15        | explains and discusses their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates, maintaining a focus on the topic and using notes where necessary  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                      | 16        | identifies themes and conventions demonstrating, through discussion and comment, understanding of their use in and across a wide range of writing  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| cee                  | ding Ne   | t Steps:   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                      | 17        | reads a wide range of fiction and non-fiction, including in particular whole books, short stories, poems and pla with a wide coverage of genres, historical periods, forms and authors   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                      | 18        | knows the purpose, audience for and context of the writing and drawing on this knowledge to support comprehension  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                      | 19 (g)    | knows how language, including figurative language, vocabulary choice, grammar, text structure and organisational features, presents meaning  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## KS2 Reading Comprehension Questions

Below are some question starters that you could ask your child about the text they are reading to aid their understanding.

| Retrieval of   | Deduce, infer and  | Identify structure   | Writer's use of  | Writer's effect on the  | Social, cultural and  |
|--|--|--|--|---|---|
| information  | interpret  |  | language   | reader  | historical contexts.  |
| What is 'animation'? What happened in the story? What diddo? True/False based on text. Identify a word from paragraph 2 which shows that How many? Give one example Find some words or phrases that tell you about the setting.  Describe Canhave more than one meaning? | How are the experiences of these two characters similar?  Who would you like to why?  What evidence is there that?  If you made a movie of this story, what type of music would you use for it and why?  What impression do you get of the feelings of this character from the text?  What does the word imply about?  Based on evidence from the text, what would you buy / do / see / ask? | Why did the author choose to? Why has? Why is in? How does the layout help? What is the purpose of? Give two features that tell you it is written as a formal letter/diary/script. What would be a script. What would be a suitable heading for this text? What would be a suitable caption for this image? How does the timeline/image/diagram/layout make it easier to understand? | Underline the word/ noun/verb/phrase which shows that Explain how the use of language in this sentence shows Why is the wordin inverted commas? Why is this style of formal / informal language used in this text? Why does the writer compare to? What does the choice of language suggest? Why does the writer use the word? How does the choice of language create the impression that? | Which of these texts would inspire you to? Who is most likely to buy this book? Was this text trying to? How does the writer show their positive/ negative attitude towards? Which text do you think is more/most effective? Why has the author included? How can you recognise the attitude of this character? | In what ways islike?  How did you know?  What is it aboutthat tells you?  Have you been in a similar situation to the character in the book?  Why doesask to?  Give two pieces of evidence that?  What other reason could there be for? |

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| ) | the Social, cultural and | historical contexts. | exts                  | to?                   | y to                  |                       | ing                   |                          | iter<br>(20/                        | de /e/                  |                        | think  | tive?                    | hor                    |                       | gnise   | lis                  |                 |                        |                  |                      |                   |                        |                      |
|---|--------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|--|--------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---|----------------------|-----------------|------------------------|------------------|----------------------|-------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| ) | Writer's effect on the   | reader               |                       | would inspire you to? | Who is most likely to | buy this book?        | Was this text trying  | to?                      | How does the writer                 | negative attitude       | towards?               | Which text do you                            | is more/most effective?  | Why                    | included?             | How can you recognise                               | the attitude of this | character?      |                        |                  |                      |                   |                        |                      |
|   | Writer's use of          | language             | How does help you to  | understand?           | Which phrase best     | describes             | What do phrases such  | astell you?              | Which part of the story             | sest describes the      | Whu did the author     | choose the verbsand? Which text do you think | Explain why is used.     | In what way islike?    |                       | mow itus tite citotce oj<br>words created a feelina |                      |                 | How does the author    | make you want to | continue reading the | story?            | Why is the description | ofa good metaphor to |
| ז | Identify structure       |                      | Sequence these events | from the text.        | How does the writer   | build up to the       | conclusion?           | How does the writer link | the conclusion to the introduction? | How does this           | paragraph link back to | the opening paragraph?                       | How does the first       | sentence help to guide | וופ ופתחבו            | Why are some sentences                              | shorter than others? | Why is the text | organised in this way? |                  | How many paragraphs  | מוא סוו וווע שמשע | What does the glossary | tell us?             |
| , | Deduce, infer and        | interpret            | What might this       | character have been   | thinking?             | How did the character | feel beforeand after? | What does this           | quotation suggest<br>about?         | What ideas are we given | about?                 | What words tell us?                          | What is this character's | attitude towards?      | What do you think the | story is going to be                                | about? Why is        | important?      | Explain the use of the |                  | Word                 |                   |                        |                      |
|   | Retrieval of             | information          |                       |                       |                       |                       |                       |                          |                                     |                         |                        |  |                          |                        |                       |   |                      |                 |                        |                  |                      |                   |                        |                      |